

TODAY'S PRICES  
Bar silver (Handy & Harmon quotations)  
144—Cobalt, 144—Lithium, 144—Sulphur,  
144—Zinc, 144—Copper, 144—Aluminum,  
144—Iron, 144—Steel, 144—Rubber, 144—  
Cotton, 144—Wool, 144—Hides, 144—  
Cattle, 144—Horses, 144—Poultry, 144—  
Dairy, 144—Fruit, 144—Vegetables, 144—  
Flour, 144—Grain, 144—Lumber, 144—  
Bricks, 144—Glass, 144—Paper, 144—  
Clothing, 144—Shoes, 144—Furniture,  
144—Miscellaneous, 144—

# THE CRUISING SHIFTS SOUTH

## Cruiser disguised, Sinks Two Warships

### EXPLOIT IS GREATEST OF WAR REBELLION ENGULFS HAITI

#### EXPLOIT IS GREATEST OF WAR

German Ship, Emden, Adds Funnel, Raises Jap Flag Before Attempt.

BOLDLY SAILS TO ENEMY'S HARBOR

Russian Cruiser and French Destroyer Are Sunk By Torpedoes.

TOKIO, Japan, Oct. 29.—The British embassy in Japan is informed that the German cruiser Emden, flying the Japanese flag and disguised by the addition of a fourth smokestack, entered Penang, a British possession, in the Straits settlements, and fired torpedoes which sank the Russian cruiser Jemtechug and a French destroyer.

Thus is recorded one of the most audacious naval exploits ever reported. The cruiser Emden, which has been patrolling the Pacific, has proved disastrous to British shipping, having sunk many steamers. In all cases, so far as reported, the crews have been transferred to other ships before the steamers were sunk.

The Emden and Karlsruhe, at last preceding reports, had sunk 23 ships of hostile nations. The latest exploit of the Emden raises the total to 25.

#### BRITAIN IS TRAINING 1,500,000 FOR SERVICE

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 29.—The British army on rolls and drilling in the United Kingdom now amounts approximately to 1,500,000 men. Of this total about 500,000 men belong to what is termed "Kitchener's army"—men who have received to his two calls for service. The remainder are divided into the regular army, the territorial army, the special reserve, the militia, and the yeomanry. The territorial army is considered the flower of the force as a great majority of them belong to the middle and upper middle classes and are well accustomed to athletic pursuits. Both physically and mentally they are considered by military men as the best of the army. The territorial army is well equipped, but is working hard. The men are being armed and clothed with great rapidity. The territorial army is not included in this total.

#### ATTACK ON VILLA IS DISCREDITED

Zubaran Capmany Claims Pesqueira Has No Official Status With Government.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 29.—Rafael Zubaran Capmany, confidential agent here of Venustiano Carranza, said at the Mexican embassy today that the statement issued by Roberto V. Pesqueira, attacking Villa and special agents of the state department in Mexico, has not been authorized by Carranza, but was a personal expression from Mr. Pesqueira. The latter was at one time Washington representative of Carranza. Mr. Zubaran said, but now holds no official position under his government.

Carranza adherents previously had expressed informally to the state department their belief that no American consular agent should accompany Gen. Villa. Secretary Bryan several weeks ago inquired into the controversy, conferring with George C. Carothers, then Mr. Bryan's exonerated him from charges of partisanship and sent him back to Villa's territory, where he has been since.

Won't Submit Statement.  
State department officials today received no copy of Pesqueira's statement and Mr. Zubaran, who handles the business of the Carranza government here, said he did not intend of bringing it to the attention of the American government.

No Reports From Conference.  
For three days the state department has had no advice from its agent at Aguascalientes, where the Mexican national convention is discussing Carranza's resignation as first chief. Officials believed today that the deliberations have continued without result and that no report will be received until some conclusion has been reached.

Favor Zapata's Plan.  
Reports from Mexico City that the delegates favor the plan of Ayala as a basis of agrarian reform rather than the plan of Guadalupe, were in line with previous indications that the Zapata-Villa coalition was in complete control of the convention, as the first of the two plans was adopted by a two-thirds vote.

#### The War At a Glance

FROM the west and from the east German reverses are reported. Germans acknowledged a check in Russian Poland, but concerning the great battle in Flanders she preserves silence. The only official word received today was from the French, who again make indefinite claims to further progress.

Not since the struggle along the North sea began a fortnight ago has Germany made a statement upon which may be based judgment as to the course of events. The best information available indicates that, notwithstanding their desperate attacks and heavy sacrifices of life the Germans are further from the coast than when the battle began.

The one great factor upon which the allies build their hopes of an eventual triumph apparently is, according to their claims, beginning to tell. It is the almost inexhaustible supply of men that may be drawn from the vast reaches of the British and Russian empires, which are relied upon in time to crush the Germans by overwhelming numbers. In the east this influence seemingly is already being felt and to it is ascribed the German reverse in Russian Poland. The secret of the Russian victory, writes a British correspondent at Pirograd, lies in the vastness of the Russian empire's army, which he estimates at 6,000,000 men. This enabled the Russians to keep an immense reserve force, changing regiments frequently and never leaving the same men on the firing line long enough to become weary.

BRITISH TRAINING GREAT ARMY—Meanwhile the British, who describe the forces now on the continent as merely an advance guard, are training at home an army of 1,500,000 men, of whom 600,000 are from her colonies.

ARMIES IN WEST EXHAUSTED—Today's French statement, while again optimistic in tone, gave little specific information. On the western end of the battle line where the fighting has been fiercest there is "nothing new" reported. The battle of the last few days to the fact that opposing armies have been exhausted by incessant fighting day and night. There is no indication, however, that Germany intends to abandon the fight for possession of the North sea coast. Unofficial reports have it that reinforcements are being poured from every part along the battle lines, where they can be spared. In the opinion of military experts, the outcome of this battle, the severest open fighting of the war, may determine whether it is possible for exposed columns of the German army to advance against modern weapons.

FRENCH GAIN NEAR ARRAS—To the south and east along the line of battle across France, successes are reported by the French to the south of Arras, between the Aisne and the Argonne and in the forest of Argonne. None of the German attacks, it is said, has been successful.

GERMAN CRUISER'S EXPLOIT—The German cruiser Emden, whose remarkable exploits have fairly earned a place in history, is reported to have performed the most daring feat of all. Disguised with a fourth smokestack, presumably taken from some captured vessel, and flying the Japanese flag, the Emden is said to have sailed boldly into the waters of Penang, a British possession in the Straits settlement, and to have sunk a Russian cruiser and a French destroyer.

The Emden was reported to have sent to the bottom a Japanese passenger steamer.

The long list of losses on the sea continue to grow. Another steamer is reported to have been sunk off the north coast of Ireland. On the coast of Norway, a Swedish steamer was destroyed by a mine with the loss of five men.

AFRICAN SITUATION RELIEVED—No further word was received from South Africa, although England's anxiety was relieved by an official announcement Wednesday night that Gen. Louis Botha, commander in chief of the Union of South Africa, had been promoted and effectively the emergency was ended by the news of his promotion. He was said to have put to rest the forces under Gen. Christiaan Beyers. No word has yet been received, however, concerning the activities of Gen. Christiaan Beyers, who is reported to have taken the field against the forces of the union government.

FALLING SHRAPNEL SLAY 10,000 BELGIAN SOLDIERS  
LONDON, Eng., Oct. 29.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail in northern France, dealing with the enormous sacrifices and the devoted courage of the Belgians, says:

"Over 10,000 have been killed or wounded, which is a quarter of their whole force operating in the coast strip of territory from Dixmude to Nieuport, a region hardly bigger than a big German farm."

"Nearly all of their injured have been wounded in the back but never were wounds more honorable as the bullets and shrapnel hit them as they lay prone under a hail of fire steel volleys. Their fate is the tragedy of this war."

#### ARMY IN REVOLT, MARCHES ON CAPITAL

President's Brother Lands From Ship and Revolution Promptly Starts.

GEN. THEODORE IS FIGHTING AGAIN

Engagement Continues During Night and Is Still Being Fought.

PORT AU PRINCE, Hayti, Oct. 28.—A serious revolutionary outbreak occurred in Port au Prince Wednesday night as a result of the landing here of Charles Zamor, a brother of the president of the republic.

There was shooting in the streets of the city throughout the night and the encounters continued today. Members of the ministry have taken refuge in the foreign consulates. The Netherlands steamer Prins Willem came into Port au Prince Wednesday evening at 10 o'clock. On board were president Zamor and his brother Charles. Charles came ashore and his landing was the signal for the outbreak. The government forces opposed the rebels, but were driven back and compelled to evacuate their positions. A force of rebels under Desir Theodore, leader of the present rebellion, and the man who has been proclaimed president by the revolutionists, has occupied Mithabala, 20 miles northeast of Port au Prince, and is now marching on this city.

#### BRITISH OFFICER CROSSED GERMANY AS CHAUFFEUR

New York, Oct. 29.—How a British army officer was conveyed half way across the German empire into France, disguised and acting as a chauffeur to count D. Biscardi Villafraña, of Naples, Italy, is related by the count on his arrival here today on the steamer Carpathia.

"With my wife and chauffeur I was motorizing in Germany when war was declared," said the count. "At Carlsbad I met the British officer, who was an old friend of mine. He asked if I could join my party as a chauffeur and I consented. The regular chauffeur became a man servant. We were arrested three times before reaching France. Only once was the identity of my friend suspected and that was when he unexpectedly returned. The chauffeur of a sentry who held us up. In France our troubles continued. During the seven days after we left Carlsbad we were arrested three times and I was accused of being a spy."

#### RUSSIA KEEPS IMMENSE RESERVES BEHIND LINES

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 29.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Mail telegraphs that "the Germans are astonished and disheartened to always find themselves fighting against fresh troops of energy. The secret of this lies in the Russian plan of keeping an immense reserve for every army, changing regiments frequently and never leaving the same men on the firing line long enough to become weary."

#### STANDARD OIL PROTESTS AGAINST SEIZING SOLDIERS

ST. JOHN, N. H., Oct. 29.—The captain of the Standard Oil tug Security, which was boarded and searched here a day or so ago by Canadian soldiers, today filed with the government a formal protest against the detention of three German members of the crew who were taken off the vessel. The Security flies the American flag and the captain, in filing his protest, said he was acting under the instructions of the Standard Oil company.

The three men have been released, upon their signing the usual pledge not to engage in the present war. They will not be allowed to leave Canada, however.

#### GERMAN REPORT OF REVOLT AT ALEXANDRIA DENIED

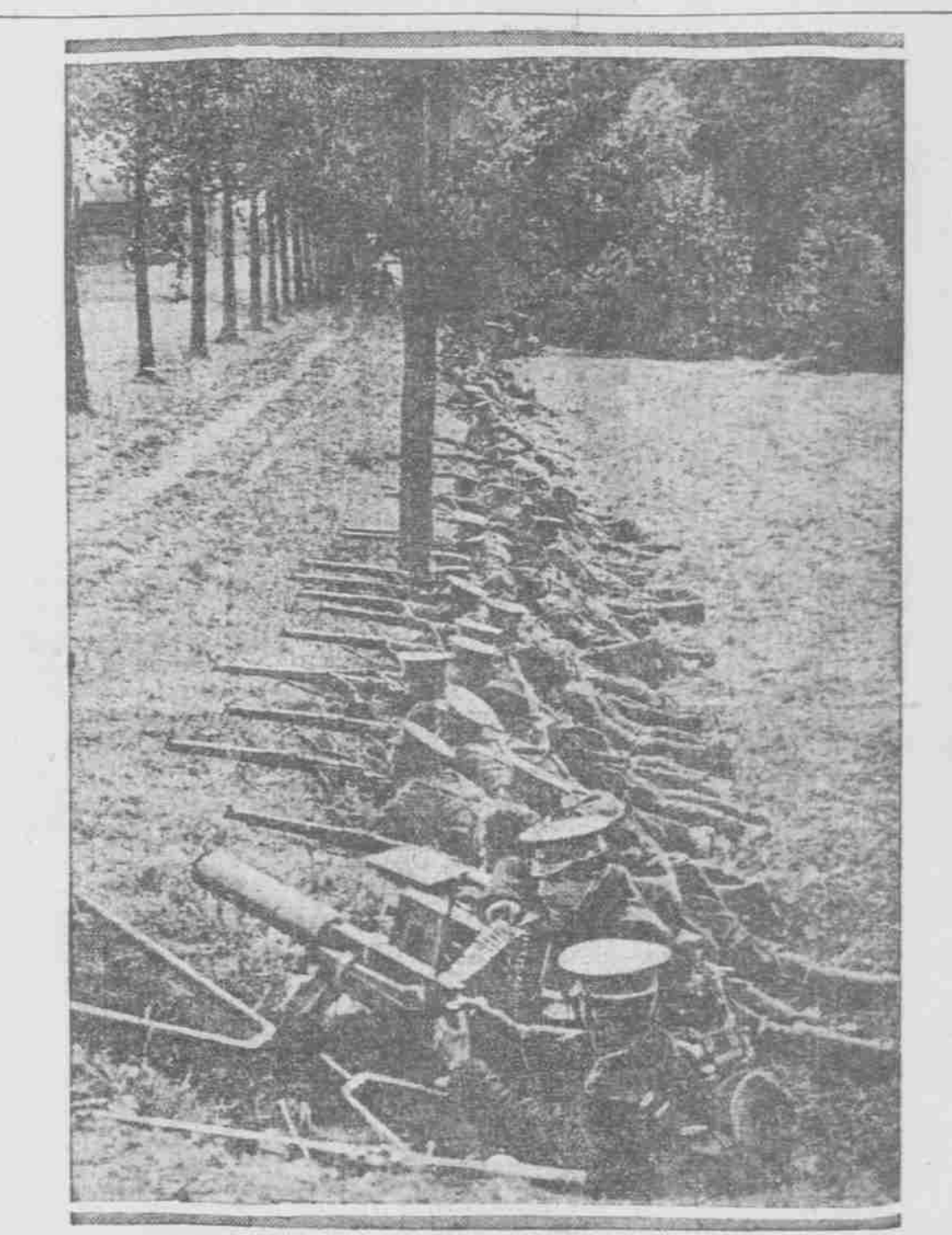
LONDON, Eng., Oct. 29.—Official denial was given in London today to the report sent out from Berlin October 27 that there had been a sanguinary encounter between the British garrison and Hindu troops at Alexandria, Egypt, and that a courtmartial there had sentenced 20 men to death.

The German report, said to be from official sources, was declared to be an entire fabrication, the best proof of which was the fact that no Hindu troops are stationed at Alexandria.

#### PRESIDENT POINCARÉ TO VISIT FRENCH LINE AGAIN

Paris, France, Oct. 29.—A Bordeaux dispatch to the Havas agency says president Poincaré has left for Paris, where he will join minister of war Millerand for a visit to the front. It is also expected that he will go to Havre to pay his respects to the Belgian government.

#### BRITISH MARINES IN TRENCHES AWAITING ATTACK BY GERMANS



#### NATIONS BUYING SUPPLIES IN U. S.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 29.—Twenty thousand additional barrels are to be purchased in Missouri and southern Illinois by agents of the British, French and Russian governments, according to reports here today. A uniform price of \$7.75 is being paid.

The French agents, it is stated, have bought 10,000 barrels of flour and great quantities of other provisions here and orders have been placed with local shoe factories for thousands of shoes.

Representatives of the German government are said to have been here recently to buy horses. The inability of Germany to insure safe transportation for the horses from America to Germany prevented any sales.

#### SPAIN WILL INCREASE ARMY TO 140,000 MEN

MADRID, Spain, Oct. 29.—The council of ministers has fixed the strength of the army for 1915 at 140,000 men. This is a small increase over the present peace footing of the army, which is 122,000 men.

#### DEATH ROLL FROM MINE ACCIDENT IS NOW 29

ROYALTON, Ill., Oct. 29.—The death toll in the mine disaster near here Tuesday now is placed at 29. A re-checking of the names today revealed that nine men had not been accounted for. Two more bodies were taken out of the mine today, making the total number of bodies recovered 52.

#### FEDERALS WOULD SPEND \$20,000 FOR JOHNSON

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 29.—Fletcher Jones, member of the St. Louis Federal, and Phil Ball, one of the owners of the club, are in Tulsa, Okla., today for a conference with Walter Johnson, the Washington pitcher, and it is reported that they want there at Johnson's request.

#### FOR SALE—Millinery store, inventory or stated price; 2 year lease.

For further information of the above see page 10, column 1, of this paper.

#### STEAMER SINKS OFF IRISH COAST

Fleetwood, Eng., Oct. 28.—Word has been received through a transfer which arrived here Wednesday night that another steamer has been sunk off Malin head, off the north coast of Ireland. There are no details of this new shipping disaster.

#### AMERICAN COPPER SEIZED, FOUR COMPANIES PROTEST

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 29.—Representatives of four copper companies in New York today protested to the state department that two Italian steamers, the San Giovanni and the Regina Vittoria, carrying several thousand tons of American copper to Italian ports, had been detained by the British authorities at Gibraltar.

#### EXHAUSTED GERMANS ARE SENT HOME FOR VISIT

AMSTERDAM, Holland, Oct. 29.—The Cologne Gazette suggests it has learned from Berlin that soldiers of various German units, who have become exhausted and weakened owing to the long stay in the trenches, are being sent home on a furlough lasting from five to seven days.

#### SPECIAL RATES QUOTED ON ACCOUNT OF FIESTA

Low rates are to be quoted on all lines controlled by Villa on account of the fiesta of All Saints, which began Wednesday and lasts until next Tuesday.

Special ceremonies will be held in all of the larger cities. Many persons from towns and ranches around Juarez have visited the church of Guadalupe in the last few days.

#### SQUADRON SINKS GERMAN CRUISER

PARIS, France, Oct. 29.—A squadron of British torpedo boat destroyers has sunk in the Adriatic sea a German steamer which had been converted into a cruiser, according to a dispatch from Barcelona to the Havas news agency.

#### RUSSIA TELLS OF VICTORY

The following official communication was issued from general headquarters in Petrograd:

"On the night of October 28 the Russian forces in the forests on the line extending from the Biologians to Glavaczev, Polovna and Janowice, our troops have inflicted upon the Austro-German forces heavy losses."

"On the center, after fighting of a desperate character, we succeeded in establishing a firm foothold on the border of a forest in the region of the village of Adamoff, Severnoff and Maranoff."

"On the left wing we captured by assault a defensive position established at Polovna and enveloped a portion of the Austrian troops near Berleje."

"On the night of October 27 the enemy's corps fell back in disorder towards the line between Edinka, Radom and Ila. We captured both cannons and prisoners."

Still Fighting in Galicia.  
On the right bank of the PRUT, on the front between Ioff and Novomirsk, the fighting continues with the same desperation."

"In Galicia the battle is raging along the whole front of the river San. We have taken an additional 15 officers and 500 men."

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

The Foes Are Too Equally Matched; Fight Until Exhausted, Then Quit.

BOTH SIDES NEED REINFORCEMENTS

Warsaw Is Relieved; Germans, Worst, Are Retreating From Poland.

LONDON, Eng., Oct. 29.—The onslaughts of the armies battling for mastery in the Belgian marsh lands still lack the force necessary to score a victory. The Germans have not reached the French coast, nor have the allies frustrated their determination to attain this goal. Nevertheless, British observers believe the advantage rests with the allied troops. The Germans confess to failure to attain their object to break through their opponents' defenses. Both sides are exhausted, seem to be endeavoring to line up ahead, and accounts from all sources agree that the Germans are only awaiting additional troops to resume their olden quest. The fiercest fighting has now shifted to Arras, France.

Meanwhile, the allied commanders announce that their forces are always taking a little more the offensive and they intimate that it will not be long before they substitute an attack on the German position in Belgium for the attack of the Germans in northern France. This occurs, there will be a series of side battles for the German entrenchments which gridiron Belgium along its southern boundary.

From Madrid comes an unconfirmed story of the explosion of one of the German 16 inch howitzers, which possibly explains the extremely violent movements which were supposed at the time to indicate the blowing up of the pier at Seabreeze. According to the Madrid account, this gun, which was being used on the German right wing, was overcharged and exploded. The concussion killed all the gunners in the vicinity, and some men besides killing and wounding a number of men at considerable distances.

German Retreating From Poland.  
The Russian command in Poland and the resumption of the offensive by Russia all along the eastern battle front, generally ascribed to London, to the enormous reserves brought up by the Russian commanders. Instead of two completely exhausted armies facing each other along the Volga, as has happened frequently on the banks of the Aisne, the Russians make daily advances. This is a great advantage, and thus allowing the fighters in the trenches to retire and rest. This operation is said to have been repeated so often that virtually every Russian soldier within striking distance of the invaders is now a veteran. While this Russian retirement may not be the real picture in Petrograd, it is nevertheless held here to be true that the battle has been shifted to the Russian front. True from investment and with the pressure on their center relieved, the Russians are now devoting more attention to the capture of the Galicia.

Przemysl Still Stands.  
Petrograd reports that thearrison of Przemysl is determined to fight with extraordinary obstinacy. The forts are well armed and some of the most modern weapons are employed in strengthening the fortifications. In anticipation of an investment, the supplies of ammunition are large. The weakness of the fortress is not to be found in the scarcity of provisions. enormous quantities had been collected by the Russians in the villages, but the unexpectedly speedy advance of the Russians resulted in the seizure of these supplies.

Russian Tell of Victory.  
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(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

# They Are Killing and Wounding 12,000 Human Beings a Day, In Europe